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PERMIT #97  
Lawrenceburg, IN  
47025

IMPORTANT: 2020 VALLEY RURAL UTILITY CO.  
WATER QUALITY REPORT ENCLOSED

# Annual Drinking Water Quality Report 2022

*Annual Drinking Water Quality Report*  
*Drink with Confidence*  
Valley Rural Utility Company Water Division

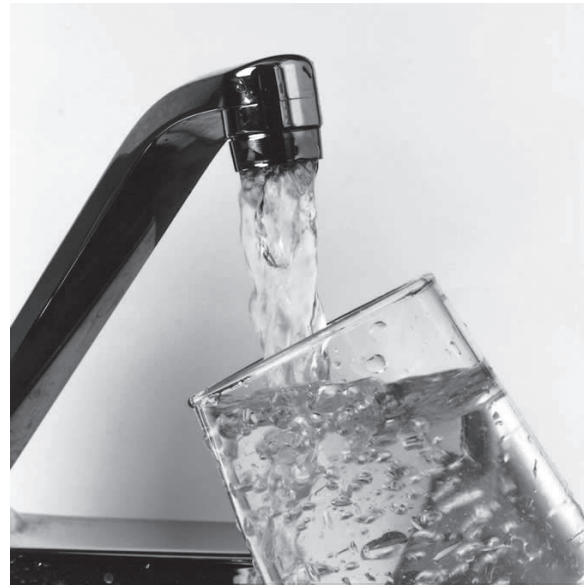
Valley Rural Utility Company, your utility company, is pleased to present the annual Consumer Confidence Report on Water Quality for the calendar year of 2022. This report is designed to inform you, our consumers, of the quality water that we supply to your homes. Valley Rural Utility Company (VRUC) is committed to providing quality drinking water. VRUC purchases water from two sources to ensure an adequate supply. Greendale Utilities and Tri-Township Water Corporation are those suppliers. Tri-Township Water, in Bright, has well fields that draw from the Whitewater Valley aquifer. Greendale Utilities has well fields that draw from the Ohio River Valley aquifer.

We are pleased to report that both sources provide us with safe drinking water meeting both state and federal requirements. Greendale Utilities and Tri-Township Water routinely test their water supplies for contaminants at the sources and within their systems. To ensure that the supply is not contaminated, VRUC also tests the water at several locations within Hidden Valley.

If you have any questions regarding this report or your utility company, please contact the General Manager, Bill Neyer, at the VRUC office at (812) 539-3330. If you would like to remain informed and learn more about your utility company, please visit our web site. If you would like to be on the agenda for a meeting, a form needs to be filled out by noon on the Thursday before the meeting.

“The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lake, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- . Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- . Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production mining or farming.
- . Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, storm water runoff, and residential uses.
- . Organic chemicals, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industry and processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas station, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.
- . Radioactive materials, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.



## VALLEY RURAL UTILITY COMPANY

VALLEY RURAL UTILITY CO.  
19435 ALPINE DRIVE, HVL  
LAWRENCEBURG, INDIANA 47025

RETURN SERVICE REQUESTED

TEST RESULTS							
CONTAMINATES	HIGHEST LEVEL DETECTED	VIOLATION	UNIT MEASUREMENT	MCLG	MCL	LIKLEY SOURCE OF CONTAMINATION	
<b>Nitrate</b>							
Greendale	2022	1.44	NO	ppm	10	10	Run off from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, erosion of natural sewage deposits
Tri-Township	2022	2.75	NO	ppm	10	10	
<b>Radioactive Contaminates</b>							
<b>Alpha emitters</b>							
Greendale	2017	2.3	NO	pCi/l	N/A	15	Erosion of natural & man made deposits
Tri-Township	2020	2.3	NO	pCi/l	N/A	15	
<b>Radium 228</b>							
Tri-Township	2017	0.7	NO	ug/L	0	5.00	Erosion of natural deposits
Greendale	2017	0.45	NO	ug/L	0	5.00	
<b>Uranium</b>							
Greendale	2017	0.56	NO	(ug/1)	N/A	30	Erosion of natural deposits
Tri-Township	2017	0.8964	NO	(ug/1)	N/A	30	
<b>Selenium</b>							
Tri-Township	2020	0.001	NO	mg/L	0.05	0.05	Discharge from petroleum refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines
<b>Sodium</b>							
Greendale	2021	165	NO	ppm	N/A	N/A	Natural erosion of road salt application; leaching from ore-processing sites; discharge from electronics, glass, and drug factories
Tri-Township	2020	25	NO	ppm	N/A	N/A	
<b>Chlorine</b>							
Greendale	daily	2021	1.5	NO	ppm	0	Water additive (disinfectant used to control microbiological organisms)
Tri-Township	2021	1.0	NO	ppm	0	4	
<b>Inorganic Contaminates</b>							
<b>Beryllium</b>							
Tri-Township	2021	<0.5	NO	mg/L	4 ppb	4 ppb	Discharge from natural refineries & coal burning factories. Discharge from electrical, aerospace, and defense industries
Greendale	2020	1	NO	ppb	4 ppb	4 ppb	
<b>Barium</b>							
Greendale	2021	<0.02	NO	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Tri-Township	2020	0.08	NO	ppm	2	2	
<b>Fluoride</b>							
Greendale	2021	0.744	NO	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Tri-Township	2020	0.156	NO	ppm	2	4	
<b>Cyanide</b>							
Greendale	2021	<0.005	NO	mg/L	0.2	0.2	Discharge from steel/metal factories; discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories
Tri-Township	2020	<0.005	NO	mg/L	0.2	0.2	
<b>Copper</b>							
VRUC	2021	0.234	NO	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits
Lead							
VRUC	2021	3.45	NO	ppm	0	AL=15	
<b>Trihalomethanes (TTHM)</b>							
VRUC	2022	11.7	NO	ppb	N/A	80	By product of drinking water chlorination
Greendale	2022	18.2	NO	ppb	N/A	80	
Tri-Township	2022	11.1	NO	ppb	N/A	80	
<b>Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)</b>							
VRUC	2022	5	NO	ppb	N/A	60	By product of drinking water chlorination
Greendale	2022	5.56	NO	ppb	N/A	60	
Tri-Township	2022	6.08	NO	ppb	N/A	60	

**Special Note on Arsenic:** The new arsenic MCL is effective on January 23, 2006. Until then the MCL is 50 ug/l and there is no MCLG. Arsenic is a naturally-occurring mineral known to cause cancer in humans at high concentrations.

**Special Note on Lead:** If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but can not control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by constituents that are naturally occurring or is man made. Those constituents can be microbes, organic or inorganic chemicals.

In the table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we’ve provided the following definitions.

**Part per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l)** – one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

**Part per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter-** one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

**Picocuries per liter (pCi/L)-** picocures per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.

**Maximum Contaminant Level-** The “Maximum Allowed” (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

**Maximum Contaminant Level Goal-** The “Goal” (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no know or expected risk to health. MCLGS allows for a margin of safety.

**Action Level (AL):** The concentration of a contaminant, which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements, which a water system must follow.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulation establish limits for contaminants in bottled water, which must provide the same protection for public health. Drinking water, including bottled water may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency’s Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers.

You, our customers, are the reason that VRUC takes such care with our water. We thank you for allowing us to provide your family with clean, quality water. Valley Rural Utility Company serves approximately 5,000 people. In 2022, we purchased 128,844,000 gallons of safe drinking water. This relates to an average of 353,107 gallons per day or 70 gallons per person per day.

Always remember that we are here to serve you and provide quality water to your family. We ask that all of our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life, and our children’s future. If you have any questions, please call our office.

Sincerely,

*Bill Neyer*

The Board and Staff of Valley Rural Utility Company